

GAIA CABLE PROTECTION SYSTEM

Prevent cable sticking and keyseating.







GAIA CABLE PROTECTION SYSTEM

Maximising wireline performance: lower risk, less time & better data.

Gaia's Cable Protection System (GCPS) has four elements:

- Wire-pro tension modelling and sticking-risk package
- Benchmarking wells with a global sticking database
- Wireline standoff and roller portfolio
- Experienced conveyance specialist at the well site, to lead job execution

GCPS enables safe and efficient wireline operations in tortuous, soft or depleted boreholes where the risk of cable sticking is mitigated through engineering evaluation.

GCPS offers compelling operational and financial benefits by avoiding the costs and NPT of stuck cable (fishing operations, pipe-conveyed logging, additional wireline runs and missing

GCPS enables the systematic evaluation of wireline conveyance risks and determines optimal well paths for lowest risk acquisition.

GCPS increases the effective cable rating in tortuous wells by reducing cased hole cable drag. Tension transmission and overpull capacity are improved, reducing sticking risks. Costly conveyance system upgrades may not be required.

GCPS improves the efficiency of formation tester surveys by utilizing cable dynamics and wellbore diagnostics data for "smart targeting" of thin or heterogeneous beds through statistical analysis of wireline creep.

Through GCPS, our clients have achieved to date: 96% success in eliminating initial signs of cable sticking. 98% success in avoiding fishing due to stuck cable.







GCPS is a driver for cost-effective wireline acquisition. Relative costs on a typical well are displayed below:

Relative costs in rig time (12,000ft well)





The return on investment (ROI) of GCPS can range from 10:1 to 50:1 depending on well depth and risk profile, illustrated below:

STUCK CABLE

Cancelled surveys Missing data, pressures or samples 1-2 days wiper trip 1-2 days to re-run sampling strings 2-3 days for pipe conveyed logging Jars may stop firing (cable stuck at higher tensions) Can't release cable head: Strip over fishing Can't pull free: strip-over fishing HSE & DROPS hazards during strip over fishing 2-3 days of rig time for strip over fishing

WLSOs & FREE CABLE

No cancelled surveys

No missing pressures and samples

No wiper trips

No pipe conveyed logging

No issue firing jars

No issues with cable release

Tools stuck by the time BHA reaches cable head Cable parts during strip-over fishing Days or weeks of open hole cable fishing Lost in hole charges for tools

No delay in tripping-in to fish the tools (if needed)

LIH charges less likely

3

"Is everything being done, in terms of modelling & analysis, technologies & procedures to reduce wireline conveyance risk to the lowest possible level?"





WIRE-PRO

MODELLING AND BENCHMARKING

Wire-pro is Gaia's proprietary tension modelling package.

- Superior to other models on the market.
- Focused on open hole cable sticking and cable forces.
- Integration of petrophysical data and pore pressures.
- Deployment planning for Wireline Standoffs (WLSOs).
- Benchmarking of cable sticking risk via Gaia's global well databas.
- Cable stranding risk analysis.

Wire-pro Modelling and Benchmarking



- A model is created using Wire-pro to calculate the cable thrust at different points in the well.
- Well parameters, petrophysical data and pore pressures are incorporated to assess the risk of differential sticking.





 The Benchmark plot compares the operational risk with our local and global sticking databases, allowing the need for Wireline Standoffs (WLSOs) to be evaluated.





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WIRE-PRO

MODELLING AND BENCHMARKING

Spider Plot

The Spider Plot summarizes the overall conveyance risk:

(EYSEATING | (POOH)

- Keyseating risk
- Differential sticking limit
- Cable thrust over mud cake
- Available pull at the cablehead
- Tension transmission to the cablehead

AVAILABLE PULL HEAD (& OF TOOLST WEIGHT IN AIR) RING	LISK KEYSEA TING	KEYSEATING RISK KEYSEATINUM PULLI
TENSION TO TENSION (%) TRANSMISSION (%)	OIFF STICKING	CABLE DIFFERENTIA
TREABLE	CABLE THRUST OVE MUD CAKE	······································

Well design for wireline

To de-risk wireline operations at the well design stage, Gaia works closely with drilling and subsurface teams. Alternate well paths may be evaluated and benchmarked to determine the lowest risk option.

In the example below, the v3 well path has \sim 50% less open hole tortuosity than v1 and presents a significantly lower risk for cable keyseating and differential sticking. Many cable fishing jobs can be avoided at the well design stage.



For more information see **SPE paper 207644:** A Drilling Engineer's guide to optimizing well design for wireline operations.





6

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WIRELINE STANDOFFS

INTRODUCTION

Wireline Standoffs (WLSOs) are precision mechanical clamps that attach to the logging cable, to suspend the cable above mud cake, or above a cable slot, so it cannot get stuck.

WLSOs typically reduce cable contact with the borehole wall by 99%.





Historically, WLSOs have been recommended on ~25% of modelled wells.

If WLSOs are mobilised to the wellsite, our G^{24} service gives you the best of both worlds:

Two consultants, and full 24-hour cover for both **Wireline QA/QC**, and **GCPS**.

SPE papers available on OnePetro; links at www.gcps.tech:

174068: Using Wireline Standoffs (WLSOs) to mitigate cable sticking

193232: Wireline cable protection: Enabling fluid sampling in high-risk wellbores

207644: A Drilling Engineer's guide to optimizing well design for wireline operations

Wireline Keyseating (PetroWiki article): https://petrowiki.spe.org/Wireline_keyseating





WIRELINE STANDOFFS

ARRAYS AND COMBINATIONS

Wireline Standoffs are deployed in arrays to cover the risk zones in the well. The average number deployed is 35, and the average space-out is 55ft (16m).

Different types of wireline standoffs are available.

- WLSO: Wireline Open Hole Standoff. To prevent cable sticking.
- **WXSO**: Wireline X-ray Standoff. Incorporates a memory gauge for pressure, temperature and accelerometer readings.
- **WCSO**: Wireline Cased Hole Standoff. To prevent casing wear, reduce drag and logging tensions.
- **WCRO**: Wireline Cased Hole Roller Standoff. To reduce drag and aid deployment, especially at high deviations.
- **WTSO**: Wireline Temperature Standoff. For recording maximum borehole temperature.

Wireline Standoff deployment plans are

generated with Wire-pro.

WCSO

WLSO

WLSO







8

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WIRELINE OPEN HOLE STANDOFF



Prevents keyseating and differential sticking.

- Suspends the cable above mud cake or a cable slot.
- Reduces cable contact with the borehole wall.
- Deployed in arrays to cover risk zones in the well.
- Precision inserts ensure a tight fit on the cable.







FACTS AND FIGURES









Hole sections modelled to date

14,000+

Wireline standoffs run in hole

300+

Descents with WLSOs (98.8% with successful wireline acquisition)

34,880

Maximum depth reached (ft)



- WLSOs are typically deployed on around a quarter of modelled wells.
- A WLSO takes only one minute to install, with the Express Kit.
- WLSOs remain firmly attached on the wire, with no recorded slippage and none lost in hole.
- WLSOs fit all wireline cables. Precision cable inserts fit every logging cable in the industry.



- Different sizes are available to suit drill pipe internal diameter.
- WLSOs allow strip-over fishing. Procedures are well established.

* Statistics updated as of 16-Jan-2023.



9





DIGITAL CABLE STANDOFF



- Continuous pressure and temperature log.
- Mud integrity log.
- Independent wireline jar firing and re-cocking record.
- Cable torque log for stranding risk analysis.
- Loss and influx zone identification.
- Wellbore transient analysis during clean-up and sampling.

- Cable creep analysis for formation testing depth control.
- Cased hole contact log for predicting wireline wear zones •
- Rated to 150°C (302°F) 0

10



DIGITAL CABLE STANDOFF

WXSO is the result of Gaia's ongoing R&D into wellbore and cable dynamics (drag, creep

and torque) and future conveyance technologies. It can be considered a "black-box" for a logging run. The WXSO provides downhole recordings of borehole data and cable dynamics including pressure, temperature, deviation, rotation, cable movement, road noise and CCL.

The WXSO can be run at any point on the wireline cable, allowing operations in wells where the maximum temperature or pressure exceeds the WXSO's rating.

WXSO Products





A comprehensive report on all the WXSO data acquired on the logging operation. Includes time and depth logs, station logs, temperature, mud weight, cable rotation and creep analysis, plus analysis of any sticking points encountered on the job.

Continuous Extrapolated Temperature Log (CETL)

Analysis of temperatures from the WXSO's continuous-reading external temperature sensor. This includes an extrapolated borehole temperature if multiple logs are run.

Cable Creep Analysis

Analysis of cable creep for station logs using the WXSO accelerometer. Creep distance is calculated for each station,



and the planned and actual depths are plotted against the GR log. Actual depths can also be used to improve pressure gradients.

Event Visualisation

Events can be played back as an animation to show cable spin, jar firing, cable creep, stuck tool situations and more.





Combat Wireline Casing Wear/

WIRELINE CASED HOLE STANDOFF



Reduce logging tensions

12

Increase pull on cable head

Improve tension transmission

Increase effective cable rating





13

Minimize Cable Drag

MCRRO

WIRELINE CASED HOLE ROLLER



Improve tension transmission

- Aid wireline descent >70°
- Extend tractor reach
- Reduce logging tensions 0
- Increase pull on cable head
- Increase effective cable rating



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WIRELINE TEMPERATURE STANDOFF





- Measure maximum borehole temperature
- Open hole or cased hole

11/16" O.D. (suitable for pipe recovery operations)

Rated to 204°C (400°F)

14



WIRELINE STANDOFFS

SUMMARY AND SPECIFICATIONS



		o v t	p v	o vic	20 July	
Cable keyseating mitigation	\checkmark	\checkmark				
Cable differential sticking mitigation	\checkmark	\checkmark				
Assist re-cocking of wireline jars	\checkmark	✓				
Cable sticking sensor		\checkmark				
Temperature and mud weight analysis		\checkmark				
Cable creep analysis for station logs		\checkmark				
Image sticking events (tools and cable)						
Rotation and torque analysis		~				
Casing collar locator (CCL) log		\checkmark				
Casing wear identification		\checkmark				
Maximum borehole temperature reading		\checkmark			\checkmark	
Casing wear mitigation			\checkmark	\checkmark		
Increase effective cable rating			\checkmark	\checkmark		
Additional overpull on logging tools			\checkmark	\checkmark		
High angle wireline deployments			\checkmark	\checkmark		
Extend tractor reach			\checkmark	\checkmark		
Log glass reinforced epoxy (GRE) liner			\checkmark	\checkmark		
Specifications						
Outer diameter (inches)	2.15-2.95	2.95	2.95	2.89	1.69	
Temperature rating (°C °F)	200 392	150 302	177 350	177 350	204 400	
Pressure rating (psi)	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	

GCPS clients include:































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